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13	The Regents of the University of California and Michael V. Drake	
14	SUPERIOR COURT OF THI	E STATE OF CALIFORNIA
15	COUNTY OF ALAMEDA	
16	CINDY KIEL, J.D., an Executive Associate	Case No. HG20072843
17	Vice Chancellor at UC Davis, MCKENNA	
18	HENDRICKS, a UC Santa Barbara student, EDGAR DE GRACIA, a UCLA student, and	Unlimited Civil Jurisdiction
19	LELAND VANDERPOEL, an employee at the Fresno satellite extension of the UCSF Medical	ASSIGNED FOR ALL PURPOSES TO: Hon. Richard Seabolt
20	Education Program, and FRANCES OLSEN, Professor of Law at UCLA,	Department 521
21	Plaintiffs,	DEFENDANTS' OPPOSITION TO PLAINTIFFS' EX PARTE
22	v.	APPLICATION TO RESET THE PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION
23	THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF	HEARING DATE FROM NOVEMBER 12, 2020 BACK TO MID OCTOBER
24	CALIFORNIA, a Corporation, and MICHAEL V. DRAKE, in his official capacity as President	Date:
25	of the UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA,	Time: Dept.: 521 Reservation No.: N/A
26	Defendants.	Reservation No.: N/A
27		Complaint filed: August 27, 2020 Trial: None set
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## MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

## I. INTRODUCTION

In an effort to protect the health and safety of its students, faculty, and staff during the COVID-19 pandemic, the University of California ("UC") is requiring, by Executive Order ("EO"), that students, faculty, and staff living, learning, or working on premises at UC locations receive an influenza vaccine by November 1. This public health requirement is subject to medical exemptions and religious or disability accommodations that any student, employee or faculty member may request. Plaintiffs seek to enjoin Defendants The Regents of the University of California and President Michael V. Drake (collectively, "The Regents") from continuing to implement the EO based on a fundamental misapprehension of the flu vaccine mandate's basis, purpose, and scope. These issues are addressed in the parties' briefing on Plaintiffs' motion for preliminary injunction, including The Regents' Opposition and supporting papers filed on September 30, 2020, and is set to be heard at the November 12, 2020 hearing, as set by this Court.

Plaintiffs now seek, by way of *ex parte* application, to shorten the time for the hearing on Plaintiffs' preliminary injunction motion from the Court's scheduled date of November 12 to a date during the weeks of October 13 or 19, 2020. There is no need for this matter to be heard before the Court's selected hearing date of November 12. Contrary to Plaintiffs' statement that "the entire 510,000 members of the UC community" must get their flu shots by November 1, the EO only requires those students, faculty, and staff who will be present on a UC campus or other UC location to receive a flu vaccine. Students, faculty, and staff who are currently working, learning, and living remotely—as most are, due to the COVID-19 pandemic and associated governmental shelter-in-place orders—are <u>not</u> required to get a flu vaccine. And for the subset of students, faculty, and staff who must come to campus, the EO provides for medical exemptions, and religious and disability accommodations.

Further, contrary to Plaintiffs' assertions, UC has not threatened to "fire" or "expel" any employee or student who comes to campus who has not had a flu shot by November 1, as Plaintiffs suggest. UC is working with students, faculty, and staff who must come on campus and

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who request a medical exemption or a religious or disability accommodation to find mutually agreeable solutions. UC's intent is not to "fire" or "expel" any employee or student for not receiving a flu shot between now and when this Court hears this matter on November 12.

Because Plaintiffs face no imminent harm, there is no need to shorten the time for the hearing. Ultimately, given the Court's limited staffing and operations for civil matters in light of the pandemic, The Regents respectfully defers to this Court's scheduling needs. For all the above reasons, Plaintiffs' *ex parte* application should be denied.

## II. ARGUMENT

A. Plaintiffs Face No Imminent Harm Because the Executive Order Only Requires UC Students, Faculty, and Staff Who Must Be on UC Premises to Receive a Flu Vaccine, Subject to Medical Exemptions and Various Accommodations, Yet the First Amended Complaint Does Not Allege that Any Plaintiff Is Subject to the EO

Plaintiffs face no imminent harm requiring a hearing date before November 12 because the EO only requires that students, faculty, and staff receive a flu vaccine if they must be physically present at a UC location. (Pltfs.' Ex Parte App., Ex. B, at pp. 2 [Revised EO, dated Sept. 29, 2020] (reflecting that "Universal Vaccine [is] Encouraged" and only requiring that "students, faculty, and staff living, learning, or working on premises at any UC location must receive a flu vaccine, unless they receive an approved medical exemption or disability or religious accommodation").)

None of the five Plaintiffs has even alleged that he or she cannot work or learn remotely and, to the contrary, some, such as Plaintiff Professor Frances Olsen, admit that they are working remotely. (Olsen Decl. iso Pltfs.' Mot. for Prelim. Inj., ¶ 3.) Accordingly, The Regents' Opposition to the Motion for Preliminary Injunction ("Opposition") raised standing arguments, because it is not even clear that any Plaintiff is subject to the requirement to take a flu vaccine prior to being on campus, pursuant to the revised EO. And even if any Plaintiff is required to be present at a UC location after November 1, each of them may request a medical exemption or a religious or disability accommodation. Again, the First Amended Complaint does not allege that any Plaintiff has done so.

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The primary purpose of the EO is to protect the health and safety of the UC community. The purpose of the EO is not to terminate or expel UC staff, faculty, or students. To that end, the University and its counsel are working with Plaintiffs' counsel to address concerns that Plaintiffs may have with respect to the EO's implementation. For example, when the University learned from Plaintiffs' counsel that a non-party, a UC Davis employee, had concerns about how her request for a religious accommodation was being processed, the University looked into the concern raised immediately. Within hours, UC was able to determine that her request for religious accommodation had been approved on October 7 and would be communicated to the UC Davis employee the following day, on October 8. (Chun Decl. iso The Regents' Opp. to Ex Parte App., ["Chun Decl."] ¶ 5) (concurrently filed herewith).

Plaintiffs complain that "at least some campuses" are continuing to advise employees that they have to get a flu shot unless they have a medical exemption or an accommodation, attaching a screen shot from a UC Riverside reminder to get the flu vaccine. (Pltfs.' Ex Parte App., Ex. C.) However, again, none of the Plaintiffs are students or employees of UC Riverside, so this screen shot is irrelevant. More importantly, because Plaintiffs' counsel advised The Regents' counsel on October 7 about the unclear communication to UC Riverside employees, again, The Regents' counsel notified UC Riverside stakeholders the same day, in order to clarify any inadvertently unclear or confusing communication. (Chun Decl. ¶ 6.)

## B. The Regents Will Defer to the Court's Scheduling Preference for a November 12 Hearing Date or Any Other Date with Respect to the Preliminary Injunction Motion

The Regents are acutely aware of this Court's heavy docket and the additional logistical burdens which the COVID-19 pandemic has imposed on our Alameda County Superior Court, its judicial officers, and its staff. When Plaintiffs' counsel advised The Regents' counsel that he intended to file an ex parte application to accelerate the Court's November 12 hearing date for Plaintiffs' motion for preliminary injunction ("PI Motion"), the undersigned explained to Plaintiffs' counsel (who is currently located in Connecticut) that such an application was probably futile, because the Court is severely short-staffed with respect to civil matters and that it would

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